REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

HARDIE CALDWELL LLP

Chartered Accountants

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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PARTY OFFICERS AND ADVISORS

Party Officers:	Jackie Martin Linda Stewart	Chairperson Vice Chairperson	Tenure Present Present
	Brian Roy	Scottish General Secr Registered Treasurer	etary
Party Headquarters:	290 Bath Street Glasgow G2 4RE		
Auditors:	Hardie Caldwell LLP Chartered Accountants		
Bankers:			

REPORT OF PARTY OFFICERS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

The Scottish Labour Party is a body established under the National rules of the Labour Party.

Committees

The following committees operate within the party to oversee and manage the organisation business. The Terms of Reference for each committee are contained within the party's constitution.

Scottish Executive Committee Local Government Committee Scottish Policy Forum Constitution Working Group

Staffing

The key permanent member of staff is Brian Roy who is the Scottish General Secretary and the Registered Treasurer.

Conferences

The party held a number of conferences and events during the year, including a one day conference in March and a one day Local Government Conference in November.

Policy Development

The party's Scottish Policy Forum continues its policy and engagement programme, which will be key to the party's manifesto in the 2021 Scottish Parliament elections.

Elections

During the year we co-ordinated a number of campaigns in Scotland, including the Scottish Parliament election and Council by-elections.

Financial Review

Total income for the year was £400,436 Total expenditure was £504,402

REPORT OF PARTY OFFICERS (CONTD.)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

STATEMENT OF REGISTERED TREASURER'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Registered Treasurer is responsible for preparing the Party Officers' Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000 requires the Registered Treasurer to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the party as at the end of the year and of its financial activities during the year in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (Financial Reporting Standard 102). In preparing these financial statements, the Registered Treasurer is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- follow applicable UK Accounting Standards, disclosing and explaining any departures in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the party will continue to operate.

The Registered Treasurer is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are maintained that are sufficient to show and explain the party's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the party and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000. He also has delegated responsibility from the National Executive Committee for safeguarding the assets of the party and ensuring their proper application in accordance with legislation, and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report was approved by the Party Officers on 1 February 2017.



Brian Roy Registered Treasurer

Independent Auditor's Report to the Registered Treasurer of the Scottish Labour Party

We have audited the financial statements of the Scottish Labour Party for the year ended 31 December 2016 set out in pages 6 - 14.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

This report is made solely to the Registered Treasurer in accordance with section 43 of the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Registered Treasurer those matters we are required to state to him in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Registered Treasurer for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the Registered Treasurer and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Registered Treasurer's Responsibilities, set out on page 3, the Registered Treasurer is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

We have been appointed as auditor under section 43 of the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000 and report in accordance with that Act.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the party's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Registered Treasurer; and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report of the Party Officers to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Registered Treasurer of the Scottish Labour Party (contd.)

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the party's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of its loss, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including FRS102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000.

Hardie Caldwell LLP Statutory Auditor Glasgow

Dated:

1 Flory 2017

Hardie Caldwell LLP is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
Income			
Donation income		105,752	592,641
Membership and subscription fees	3	108,024	120,479
Fundraising	6	26,839	53,765
Conferences		40,837	169,538
Investment income	7	24	32
Notional income	8	14,633	14,075
Campaign income		104,327	122,578
Total income		400,436	1,073,108
Expanditure			
Expenditure Cost of fundraising		26,055	12,334
Campaign expenditure		198,229	539,074
Staff costs	4	115,197	121,007
Management and administration costs	ð.	109,429	155,106
Notional expenditure		14,633	14,075
Conferences		40,859	133,335
Total expenditure		504,402	974,931
(Deficit)/surplus before taxation		(103,966)	98,177
Taxation	2	_	2
	-		
			· <u> </u>
(Deficit)/surplus for the year	11	(103,966)	98, 177

The party has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above.

All activities are classed as continuing.

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
Current assets			
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	9	36,906 192,250	37,391 282,166
Less:- Current liabilities		229,156	319,557
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	10	(69,400)	(55,835)
Total assets less current liabilities		159,756	263,722
Reserves			
General fund	11	159,756	263,722

The financial statements were approved by the Party Officers on 1 February 2017.

...... Registered Treasurer **Brian Roy**

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The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	2016 £	2015 £
Cash flows from operating activities (Deficit)/surplus before tax	(103,966)	98,177
Adjustment for; Bank interest	(24)	(32)
	(103,990)	98,145
Movements in working capital Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	485 13,565	(2,172) 36,749
Net cash generated by operating activities	(89,940)	132,722
Cash flows from financing activities Bank interest	24	32
Net cash generated by financing activities	24	32
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(89,916)	132,754
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	<u>282,166</u>	<u>149,412</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	<u>192,250</u>	<u>282,166</u>
Cash and bank balances	<u>192,250</u>	<u>282,166</u>

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the accounting policies set out below and reflect the principles contained in the Statement of Accounts Guidance Notes issued by the Electoral Commission and in existence as at 31 December 2016.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS102 – The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Income recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Income is recognised when all of the following conditions have been met:-

- The party is entitled to the asset;
- There is reasonable certainty that the asset will be received; and
- The value of the asset can be measured with reasonable certainty.

Applying these criteria to specific types of income results in the following treatment:-

- Donations, including legacies, are recognised in the income and expenditure account on receipt. Donations of notional income are recognised on receipt at the relevant market value of the donation received with an expense of the same amount being recognised contemporaneously.
- Membership and subscription fees for an accounting period are recognised in the income and expenditure account of that period, as received up to the date of approval of the financial statements.
- All other income including affiliation fees is recognised on an accruals basis.

Leased assets

All the party's leases are treated as operating leases. Their annual rentals are charged to the income and expenditure account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTD.)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

Liquid resources

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, liquid resources are defined as current asset investments and short-term deposits.

Trade and Other Debtors

Trade Debtors are stated at cost less impairment for bad and doubtful debts.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand.

Management and administration costs

Certain costs within this expense category are met from National Labour Party's budget.

Going Concern

Having reviewed the financial position the Treasurer has a reasonable expectation that the party has adequate resources to continue its activities for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the Treasurer continues to adopt a going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

2. BASIS OF TAXATION

The party is treated as an unincorporated association for tax purposes and is therefore liable to corporation tax on its investment income. It also bears tax on any investment transactions that give rise to capital gains. No deferred tax is recognised in the party's individual accounts as any investment income is taxed on the same basis as it is recognised in the income and expenditure account.

All income and expenditure is consolidated into the annual financial statements of the Labour Party. A corporation tax computation and return is filed based on the consolidated financial statements and any liability is paid by the Labour Party.

3. MEMBERSHIP AND AFFILIATION FEES

Included within the fees for 2016 is a contribution from the affiliated and party organisations in Scotland.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTD.)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

4. **PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES**

	2016 £	2015 £
Gross Salaries	127,134	164,605
National Insurance Costs	12,818	15,327
Pension Costs	12,469	8,637
Staff Expenses	4,436	4,836
	156,857	193,405

In 2016 the Scottish Labour Party made a contribution to 14 employees' salary costs (2015: 20 employees), all other staff costs were paid by the National Labour Party.

£41,660 of the total costs detailed above have been included within the Campaign expenditure as shown in the Income & Expenditure Account on page 6, (2015: 72,398).

5. SURPLUS BEFORE TAX

	2016 £	2015 £
This has been arrived after charging :-		
Auditors' remuneration – audit services Operating lease charges – equipment	5,558	5,558
- F		

Note: Annual auditors' remuneration is paid from National Labour Party's budget.

6. FUNDRAISING ACTIVITIES

	2016 £	2015 £
Fundraising and Business Events	26,839	53,765

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTD.)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

7. INVESTMENT INCOME

8.

9.

	2016 £	2015 £
	-	-
Interest receivable	24	32
NOTIONAL INCOME		
NOTIONAL INCOME	2016	2015
	£	£
Relating to Elections :-		
Local Elections	-	-
National Elections	4,761	12,575
Unrelated to Elections	<u>9,872</u>	<u>1,500</u>
	14,633	14,075
		14,075
DEBTORS		
	2016	2015
	£	£
Trade Debtors	36,906	33,198
Other Debtors		4,193
	-36,906	37,391

10. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	£	£
Trade Creditors	4,660	25,490
Other Creditors	34,716	30,345
Accruals	30,024	-
	69,400	55,835

2016

2015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTD.)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

11. RESERVES

	General Fund £
As at 1st January	263,722
Transfer Income and Expenditure Account	(103,966)
As at 31 December	159,756

12. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:-

	2016 £	2015 £
Within one year After one year but within five years	5,558 6,019	5,558 11,577
	11,577	17,135

13. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

Capital comprises reserves as stated on the Balance Sheet. The party manages capital by regularly monitoring its current and expected liquidity requirements. No changes were made in the objectives during the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTD.)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

14. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Scottish Labour Party is a political party established under the National rules of the Labour party.

The Party Headquarters is shown on Page 1 of the financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling which is also the functional currency of the Party.